



Fig. 2. Comparison of the Transverse and Longitudinal Modes in NaF with and without Pressure.

LiF. A similar analysis was made for KBr and in this crystal the "self-energy" shift is negligible. A similar result was obtained for RbI using other techniques.^{22,26}

The results obtained for the Grüneisen parameters for the long-wavelength optical modes from equation 1 and equation 2,

$$\gamma_j(k) = \frac{\partial \ln v_j(k)}{\partial \ln V} \quad (2)$$

are tabulated in Table IV. The agreement with the calculations made from those assuming a rigid-ion model with central forces incorporating repulsion terms of the Born-Mayer [$\exp(-r/p)$] and inverse-power (r^{-n}) type agree well. The results using Cowley's theory give somewhat larger values of γ .

TABLE IV
Gruneisen Parameters for the Long Wavelength Optical Mode

al from Eq. 2	Born-Mayer ²⁷	Calculated r ⁻ⁿ repulsion ²⁸	Cowley ²⁹	C M
2.59	2.44	3.46		
2.95	2.43	3.00		
2.83	2.52	2.95	3.27	
2.46	2.52	2.92		